

The Courier.

[N^o. 433.]

FRIDAY, January 24, 1794.

[Vol. X.]

CIVIL DEPARTMENT

Fort St. George, November 11th, 1785.

IT has been resolved, that all Advertisements which appear under the OFFICIAL SIGNATURE of either of the SECRETARIES of this GOVERNMENT, or of any other Officers of Government, are hereby authorised to publish them, in the MADRAS COURIER, are meant, and must be deemed to convey official and sufficient Notification of the Board's Orders and Resolutions, in the same Manner, as if they were particularly specified to any Servant of the Company, or others, to whom such Orders and Resolutions have a Reference.

ROBERT CLERK, Secretary.

GOVERNMENT ADVERTISEMENT.

INCONVENIENCE having been experienced in the Public Office, from a want of attention to the orders of Government, under date the 10th of July, 1790, the Honorable the President in Council, has directed, that they be resubstituted, and strictly observed by those to whom they have reference.

Published by Order of the Governor in Council.

ROBERT CLERK, Sec.

Fort St. George: 18th January 1794.

TO prevent in future any Civil Servant, of the Company, from leaving this Country for Europe, until it shall be certified by the proper Officers, that his Accounts with the Company have been settled, and that no balance or just claim stands against him; NOTICE is hereby given, that the following Regulations have been adopted, and are to be strictly attended to.

I.—That every Civil Servant of the Company, in whatever Department, intending to proceed to Europe, shall, if serving in the General Department, notify his intention to the Secretary of the Government; and if serving in the Revenue or Commercial Department, to the Board of Revenue, or the Board of Trade, two Months previous to his actual Resignation of his Office, so that the said intention may be duly signified to the Governor in Council, and be recorded.

II.—That every Civil Servant of the Company, in whatever Department, shall, upon quitting his Office, deliver over the same, either to his Senior Assistant on the Spot, or to such Person as may be authorised by Authority to receive charge of it; and to such Assistant or other Person so appointed, the Records, Papers, and all other official Documents, whatsoever, belonging to it, shall be delivered over, by the Person resigning, with the balance if there be any, of the Public Money in his hands; which delivery shall be duly and formally certified in writing, and in Public Office, by the Person who succeeds to the Duty of the Station—no Copy shall be sent to the Secretary of the Government, or the Boards of Revenue or Trade, according to the Department in which the resigning Servant has acted.

III.—The applications from the Civil Servants of the Company, for leave to proceed to Europe, shall be preferred through the Board of Revenue, or Board of Trade, if the Servants have been employed in the Revenue or Commercial Department, or immediately to the Governor in Council, if they have served in the General Department, or have been out of employment, accompanied by a Certificate signed by the Accountant General, Comptroller General, and Civil Auditor, that the Company have no pecuniary claims, on any account, upon such Servants, or that full and satisfactory security has been given, for discharging whatever amount may be declared by Government, to be due from the Servants to the Company.—The Board of Revenue and Trade, on transmitting to the Governor in Council, any applications from Servants in their respective Departments, for leave to proceed to Europe, shall report, in each case, whether there appears any cause, that should be a bar to a compliance with the applications, for leave to depart for England—upon the Subject of this Regulation, as well as of this preceding it, the Governor in Council will exercise his discretion, should it appear proper in any particular case, to admit of relaxation from the strict letter of the orders in question. THE Secretary has been directed, to be particularly careful, that the above Regulations are strictly complied with, before any orders issue from his Office, that shall grant to any Company's Servant Permission to go to Europe, and assign to him Accommodation in the Company's Ships.

By Order of the Governor in Council.

(Signed)

True Copy C. N. WHITE, Sec.
I. WEBB, Dep. Sec.
Compared.
I. FALCONAR, Exam.

GENERAL POST OFFICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the undelivered Letters for Europe, weighing above two Ounces, are now lying in the General Post Office, and cannot be forwarded, until the Tax, established by the Honorable the Court of Directors on Letters exceeding that weight, be paid.

One Letter to David Ramsay Kerr, Esq. Dock Yard, Portsmouth, three Ounces.

One Letter to Mr. Phippard, No. 3, Bridge Street, Westminster three Ounces.

One Letter to Mr. George Baynes, Skipton, Yorkshire, two Ounces and three quarters.

One Letter to William Armit, Esq. General Post Office, Dublin, two Ounces and one half cent.

One Letter, Reverend William Batchelor, Senior, Chesham, near Bath, Somersetshire, fourteen Ounces and one quarter.

One Letter to Miss E. Batchelor, Freshford, near Bath, Somersetshire, fifteen Ounces and a half.

WILLIAM JONES,

Post Master Gen.

General Post Office, Fort St. George: 21st Jan. 94

REGULATIONS

FOR THE

BOAT DEPARTMENT.

I.—THE number of Boats furnished by Contract, in good Condition, completely manned, properly dunnaged, and ready for immediate Service, to be one hundred and twenty-five the number of additional and spare Boats in good Condition and fit for Service to be twenty-five.

II.—Each Boat to be manned with six Rowers one Baler, and one Steersman.

III.—A watching Peon to attend in every Boat, and to wear a Badge of the Office of Beach Master.

IV.—The Beach Master to be responsible in the first Instance for all Losses, by Theft, or Embezzlement on board the Boats.

V.—The Beach Master upon ascertaining the number of the Boat, and the value of the Property lost, is to call upon the Contractors to make good the full Amount to him; on failure whereof he is to report all the Circumstances to the Board of Trade for their determination.

VI.—The rate of Boat hire for each Trip in the South Road, to be 17 fanams, 40 cash, to be distributed as follows, viz.

To the Crew	8	—
Boat Owners, or Contractors	5	—
Tindal	60	—
Mailtry	60	—
Beach Master, for Peon Hire,	2	—
Sea Customer	1	—
Total	17	40

VII.—The rate of Boat Hire for each trip in the North Road, to be 12 fanams, to be distributed as follows, viz.

To the Crew	5	—
Boat Owners or Contractors	4	—
Tindal	40	—
Mailtry	40	—
Beach Master for Peon Hire	1	20
Sea Customer	60	—
Total	12	Fanams

VIII.—All Bills for Boat Hire to be drawn out, at the Exchange of 45 fanams to the Star Pagoda.

IX.—All Bills for Boat Hire to be drawn by the Sea Customer, as usual, who will pay the amount to the Boat-Contractors, to be by them distributed in the above mentioned proportions, to the Crew, Owners of the Boats, Tindals, and Mailtries.

X.—To every Boat, employed on a Sunday, the additional Sum, of 7 fanams per trip, is to be paid for the support of decayed and wounded Boatmen, and other charitable purposes.

XI.—Each Load of Ballast to consist of 120 baskets to be compared with a muffer basket of the proper size by the beach Master, and a seal or chop affixed to each, and no others made use of.

XII.—The price of every Boat Load of ballast, delivered in the South Road, to be 4 fanams, and in the North Road 3 fanams, over and above the rate of Boat Hire already notified.

XIII.—Each Boat load of water to consist of 2 tons, or 4 butts, sent off full—the water to be of the best quality, and the casks to be examined twice in every month by the Contractor for water casks for the Honorable Company, and their condition reported by him to the Board of Trade, the price of each Boat load of water to be 55 fanams 40 cash.

XIV.—Each Boat to be furnished with one good tarpaulin at least, the tarpaulin to be 12 feet long, and 12 feet broad, with the number of the Boat painted on it, the tarpaulins to be inspected by the Sea Customers Assistant, and Beach Master, at the time of the monthly survey of the Boats, and a report made by them to the Board of Trade.

XV.—The Contractors are to have such a number of Boats, in readiness for Sundays, as may be required of them by the Beach Master in the preceding evening.

XVI.—Two Boat-Contractors to attend daily on the Beach, in order that such regulations, as relate to them, may be properly carried into effect.

XVII.—A quantity of plank and other materials, sufficient for the construction of 25 Boats, and the repair of 50 Boats, to be always kept in store by the Contractors, and a report to be made to the Board of Trade of their state and condition, on the first Wednesday in every month, by the Beach Master.

XVIII.—Any Captain, or Owner of a Vessel, may employ his own Boat (provided the crews do not belong to this port) in loading his Vessel, subject to no other regulations, than what are established at the Sea Customer's Office, respecting Dunes and Port Clearances—the articles of ballast, water, and tarpaulins excepted, but he is not to let out his Boat to hire, under any pretence whatever, for the service of any other Vessel.

XIX.—As much delay and inconvenience has been experienced from Vessels Anchoring at too great distance—any Vessel, that may Anchor further from the shore than in 8 fathom water, will not be entitled to Boats, for any other purpose than water or provisions, unless on the appearance of approaching bad weather, when it might be considered as unsafe to Anchor at such a distance from the shore.

XX.—The General rule, for distribution of Boats, should be one for 1000 bags of Rice, which the Beach Master is particularly to attend to.

XXI.—The Boat-men are not to be employed in any occupation, whatever, except the working of the Boats, and loading the ballast for any stores, transported by sea, from the Marine Yard to the Beach House &c.—the same rate of hire is to be paid, as for a Boat employed in the South Road.

XXII.—The Boats, in use, to be numbered in the month of December of every year—a particular survey of the whole to be made, at least once in every month by the Beach Master, and their number and condition reported by him to the Board of Trade.

XXIII.—The Boat-men to be mustered at the same time by the Beach Master, and report of their number to accompany the return of the Boats.

XXIV.—The Boat-owners to be paid by the Beach Master, on the 1st day of every month, and a pay roll specifying their names, laid before the Board of Trade on the following Wednesday.

XXV.—It is the duty of the Beach Master, to be careful that every Boat employed is in good repair, properly dunnaged and completely manned; any failure in either of these respects, on the part of Contractors, to be immediately reported by him to the Board of Trade.

XXVI.—It is likewise the duty of the Beach Master to superintend the ballast, the water, and tarpaulins, any deviation from the foregoing regulations must be reported by him to the Board.

XXVII.—The Beach Master is to reside, constantly, at the office on the Beach, and the allotment, or destination of the Boats, is to belong entirely to him.

XXVIII.—Two European assistants, to be employed under the Beach Master, one to reside at the North Bankhall and the other near the House on the Beach.

XXIX.—The Beach Master is to furnish the Board of Trade with a weekly report of the number of ships and Vessels in the road, specifying the dates of their respective Arrivals, their cargoes, and the number of Boats daily appropriated for their use during the week preceding, with an account of the number of trips made by each Boat.

XXX.—These papers, to be lodged at the office of the Board of Trade, and to be open to the inspection of any Merchant or Captain of a Ship, who may have cause to suppose that the Boats actually allotted to any ship or Vessel, have not been appropriated for such particular service.

XXXI.—Complaints having frequently been made, of the unnecessary detention of Boats along side the Vessels; all Captains of ships are particularly desired, to direct their officers, to use every possible expedition in loading and returning the Boats allotted to them.

XXXII.—The water and tarpaulins, to be supplied by the Master Attendant as usual, and the salvage of anchors &c. is to appertain to him.

XXXIII.—No ship lascars are to be taken to sea, unless with their free consent and upon security given to the Beach Master, that, in case of any accident befalling them, a suitable provision (such as the Board of Trade may think adequate and reasonable) shall be made for their families, by the persons by whom they may be employed.

XXXIV.—A printed copy of these regulations to be fixed at the office of the Beach Master on the Beach, at the Exchange, at the Sea Customer House, and to be in force on and after the 1st of January next.

By Order of the President and Members of the

Board of Trade,

THOMAS CHASE, Sec.

Fort St. George: 23d December, 1793.

GOVERNMENT ADVERTISEMENT.

THE President in Council, being desirous of reducing the rate of interest on all the Company's debts of this Presidency, to 6 per cent, and it appearing that the only demands now against them at a higher rate are, the 8 per Cent promissory Notes, issued between the 18th February and 12 June last, he has come to the resolution of discharging them; but, as these Notes were purchased at a premium of 4 and 4½ per Cent, he is sensible that the holders would not receive an equitable consideration for their Money, if the payment were to take place immediately.—It is therefore his intention to discharge them at the end of one year, from their respective dates, and to allow the holders an option of receiving payment in 6 per cent Notes, without any deduction, on account of the premium upon those Notes.

All holders of 8 per Cent Promissory Notes are, in consequence, requested to present them at the Treasury, in conformity to this Advertisement, and to observe that the interest upon them will cease at the proposed period of payment.

The President in Council further gives Notice, that he will pay the Company's Bonds outstanding at 6 per cent, on the 15th Instant, when the interest will cease.

Published by Order of the Governor,

in Council, ROBERT CLERK, Sec.

Fort St. George: 3d January, 1794.

ADVERTISEMENT.

The Honourable the MAYORS COURT, at Madraspatnam.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of the late Lieut. Henry Lane, of his Majesty's 53d regiment, are hereby required to pay the amount of their respective debts to Lieuts. Hughes and Browne, of the said regiment; the Executors of the said deceased, and all persons having demands on the said Estate, are desired to make them known to the said Executors.

December 30th, 1793.

ADVERTISEMENT.

PROBATE having passed the Seals of the Hon. the Mayor's Court to Lieut. David Blair and Lieut. James George Scott, Executors of the Estate of the late Lieut. Fireworker Timothy Kennedy deceased.—It is requested that all Persons indebted to the said Estate, do make immediate payment of the same to the said Executors, and all Persons having any claim on the Estate, are requested to deliver in their Claims to the said Executors.

Fort St. George: 16th January, 1794.

FOR SALE.

AT MR. CHAVERS, NORTH-STREET.
FRENCH CLOSET warranted, at four Pagodas a Dozen, Fine PALE ALE, BEER and PORTER at two and half Ditto.

RACE STAND.

THE RACE COMMITTEE presents their Compliments to the LADIES and GENTLEMEN of the SETTLEMENT, and acquaint them, that the MADRAS SPRING RACES are fixed for,

WEDNESDAY, the twenty-ninth Instant,

THURSDAY, the thirtieth,

AND

FRIDAY, the thirty-first.

That, on WEDNESDAY the 29th, will be run a private Match, also, an untrained Plate, value two hundred and fifty Pagodas, free for all Horses, Mares, and Geldings, the best of three two Mile Heats, carrying nine Stone.

On THURSDAY the 30th, the LADIES PLATE, give and take, Weight for Age and Inches.

And on FRIDAY, the 31st, the HUNTERS PLATE, all Horses carrying nine Stone, the usual allowance for Mares and Geldings.

A Breakfast as usual will be prepared at the Stand, each day of running.

The COMMITTEE will give timely notice, through the Papers, of the Race Ball.

January 22d, 1794.

RACE STAND.

THE COMMITTEE beg leave to inform the Gentlemen who have Horses to run for the Ladies and Hunters Plates, on the 30th and 31st Instant, that they are to be entered at the Stand on Sunday the 26th, between the Hours of six and ten in the Forenoon. Entrance money 5 Pagodas—Double Entrance at the Post.—It is particularly requested the Colours of the Riders may be mentioned.

It is also requested that the Gentlemen, who have Horses to start for the Private Purse, to be run for on Wednesday 29th Instant, and the untrained Plate, will on the above mentioned Day of entrance, mention their Horses and the Colour of their Riders.

January 22d, 1794.

PROPOSALS

FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF

A SOCIETY

FOR THE BENEFIT

OF THE

SURVIVORS.

For the Term of THREE Years, commencing from the 15th of February, 1794; and terminating the 15th of February, 1797.

THAT the Society admit of any Number of Members, and that they be divided into four Classes; each Subscriber to pay one Month's Subscription, at Subscribing: The Classes to be as under.

- 1st. To Pay Twenty Pagodas per month,
- 2d. To Pay Fifteen Pagodas per month,
- 3d. To Pay Ten Pagodas per month,
- 4th. To Pay Five Pagodas per month.

That on the fifteenth of February, a Committee of five Members shall be chosen from amongst the Subscribers to the first Class, to direct and controul the Funds of this Tontine, and Superintendent Accounts, Cash, &c. A new Committee shall be chosen every six Months.

Those who approve the Plan now submitted, and wish to become Subscribers, are requested to signify their Intention to Mr. HUNTER, at his Office; where a Book is open for Subscription. One Month's Subscription to be paid down, which is to go for the first Month.

ADVERTISEMENT.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, that a Man by Name Tanderava Pandaram, deceased, and late Inhabitant of Negapatam, by profession a repaiater of Watches, did Mortgage to some People at Negapatam six Watches Gold, Silver, and Gilt.

Any Person who may have given his Watch to the above mentioned Man, in order to get it repaired, and will describe it, with the Maker's Name; by making application to Mr. George Thompson the Acting Resident of Negapatam (any time within the space of three Months from the Date hereof,) may probably redeem his Watch by discharging the Mortgage.

January 17th, 1794

ADVERTISEMENT.

LETTERS of Administration to the Estate and Effects of Ensign Patch, deceased, late in the Honourable Company's service, having been granted to Mr. David Young, Notice is hereby given, that all persons having Claims on the said Estate, are requested to make the same known to Mr. Geo. Chalmer, Attorney to the Administrator, and all Persons indebted to the said Estate, are requested to pay to him their respective Accounts.

Fort St. George: Jan. 22d 1794.

ADVERTISEMENT.

LETTERS of Administration to the Estate and Effects of JOHN BANNATYNE, deceased late Surgeon's Assistant in the Honourable Company's service, having been granted to Dr. ANDREW BERRY, notice is hereby given, that all Persons having claims on the said Estate, are requested to make the same known to Mr. GEO. CHALMER, Attorney to the Administrator, and all Persons indebted to the said Estate, are requested to pay to him their respective Amounts.

To the Creditors of THOMAS JOHNSON deceased, late of Bombay Mariner

MESSRS ALEXANDER ADAMSON and JAMES TATE of Bombay, Administrators of the Estate and Effects of the said THOMAS JOHNSON, hereby give Notice, that they have made up the final Accounts of the same, and require the several Creditors by themselves or their Attorneys, properly constituted, to transmit authentic documents of their several Debts within one Year from this date, that a dividend may be made by the Administrators, according to the legal Order of Distribution, so far as the Balance in their hands will extend.

Bombay: 21st Jan., 1793.

ADVERTISEMENT.

ANY Person who has any just Demand, against JOHN COLSON TOWN, Esq. deceased, is hereby required to make the same known to Messrs. Colt, Baker, and Co. Attorneys to Colonel John Floyd, the Executor in India to that Estate, who are also authorized to receive payment of any Debts due to the said Estate, and which they request may be made known without any delay, as the Accounts of the said Estate, are now in readiness to be transmitted to the Executors in England.

Fort St. George: 23d December, 1793.

ANY Person who has any just demand against WILLIAM BALFOUR, Esq. deceased, is hereby required to make the same known to OLIVER GOLT, & FRANK DAY, acting Executors in India to that Estate: who have also to require that any Person, indebted to the said Estate, will be pleased to pay the Amount without Delay to the said Executors, in order to enable them to have the same Remitted to the Executors in England, along with the other property belonging to the said Estate.

Fort St. George: 23d December 1793.

FRENCH CLARET.

ABOUT 30 Dozen of very Excellent FRENCH CLARET, Warranted to be of a Real Excellent Quality, is to be had of Mr. JAMES BROWN, opposite Capt. Doveton's in Admiralty Street, Fort St. George—at 5 and a half Pags. per Dozen.

FOR PRIVATE SALE.

AN Elegant and excellent Chamber Organ and beautiful Piano Forte, the Instruments of Music appertaining thereto, are in the most exact order for Harmony. Further particulars may be known on application to Mr. Owen John Johannes Armenian Merchant in Black Town, Jail Street.

15th January, 1794

ADVERTISEMENT.

LETTERS of Administration to the Estate and Effects of Lieut. Samuel Briggs Deceased, having been granted to Mr. Robert Malcolm, Notice is hereby given, that all Persons having Claims on the said Estate, are requested to make the same known to Mr. George Paisley, Attorney to the Administrator—and all Persons indebted to the said Estate, are requested to pay to him their respective Amounts.

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE Administratrix and the Administrators, to the Estate of the late Mr. John Hall, do hereby give Notice, that Dividend of the Monies in their possession will be made on the first of February next, to such of the Bond Creditors as shall have sent in their Claims on or before the 25th Instant, and all the Bond Creditors are desired to take Notice accordingly: as all those who may send in their Demands after the said Period, will be excluded from receiving any Share in the aforesaid Dividend.

Fort St. George: 10th January, 1794.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE MADRAS COURIER.

SIR,

THE public attention has, for sometime past, been called to a suggestion, for a Subscription to be applied to the purpose of procuring a PORTRAIT of that brave and excellent officer the late GENERAL SIR EYRE COOTE: a name, that will ever be dear to his countrymen, whilst the love of valor and worth continues to glow in their bosoms: a man, whose merits raised him to high rank and honors—whose death was universally regretted, and whose memory certainly deserves from those, whom he has left behind, every tribute of gratitude which they may be capable of rendering. I knew the GENERAL, and had the honor to serve under his command in the action of the 27th of JULY 1781: an action, where every requisite that constitutes the accomplished general was necessarily called forth, and where victory crowned the well fought field, and gave a new lustre to the British Arms in India. I had the honor also to serve under his command in other actions, where victory still smiled on his prowess, and which, although of less importance in their consequences, were not less brilliant in their achievement—Himself a Soldier from his infancy, he was from habit and disposition the Soldier's patron; and the Soldier's friend: they looked up to him with hope and confidence, and followed him with cheerfulness and alacrity.

Impressed with these considerations, I feel that I owe the warmest acknowledgments to the liberal mind, who first came forward in the HERCULEAN pointing out the propriety of giving some testimony of our gratitude to the memory of this great, good man; but, Sir, whilst I am thus desirous of seeing handed down to Posterity, the portrait of a person,

whom we have personally known; I am equally anxious that every justice should be done in the likeness to be taken: for surely every purpose would be frustrated, if, instead of preserving those strongly-marked features, that expressed the countenance of the veteran, who had grown grey in the arduous exercise of arms, instead of the character and manner by which he was distinguished and known to his gallant troops, we should see a smooth faced stripling, pressing forward on the canvass, in all the elegance of dress and figure and in an attitude better calculated for a Actor on the Stage than the hero of the field. I say, Sir, such a picture would be absurd and ridiculous, and be regarded with derision and contempt: nor do I see how this circumstance is to be avoided in this country: the picture which has been spoken of, in the possession of a gentleman in the settlement, I have seen, and I believe it is at this moment not far from the Wallajah-Gate; but although the *tableau* may convey some idea of the GENERAL's likeness, the features, taken separately, bear very little resemblance, and it is a third length only.

In a public mark of approbation and respect, it is impossible that too much attention can be paid, or too much caution observed, and the delay of a few months cannot be an object (or consideration)—I therefore, Sir, humbly submit to the public, through the channel of your paper, that the only means by which a faithful representation of the GENERAL can be procured, is by an application to an Artist in England, for a copy from an excellent picture of the GENERAL, by the late SIR JOSHUA REYNOLDS, who made five paintings of him, one of which is in the family, and another if I mistake not, is at the India House.

A SUBALTERN OFFICER.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

"FORESIGHT" came too late for insertion in the present Courier.

"A POETICAL, EXTEMPORANEOUS INVITATION TO BREAKFAST," is under consideration.—We do not promise, but, perhaps, it shall have place in OUR NEXT.

THE COURIER.

MADRAS,

FRIDAY, JANUARY. 24, 1794.

BY the Neptune, arrived from Batavia, which she left the 7th of November last, we receive Intelligence of the safe Arrival, at that place, of the *Henry Dundas*, the *Harake*, and *Walfingham*, Indianmen—all well.

Previ us to the sailing of the Neptune, Advices were received at Batavia, that a French Frigate of Forty Guns had been seen to pass through the Straights, in order, it was supposed, to act in Concert with the French Privateers, already mentioned to have been in the China Seas, to the interception of our Indianmen.

The supposed French Frigate, of which the above Advices had been received, is conjectured to be the *Ville de Bordeaux*; which we noticed in our COURIER EXTRAORDINARY, as having failed to join the Ships on Cruise in the Straights of Sunda. It is to be remarked, however, that the *Ville de Bordeaux* does not carry more than Twenty Eight or Thirty Guns.

The Dutch COMMISSIONERS of whom much mention has been made, had arrived early in November.

CAPTAIN HOARE, formerly in Command of the Neptune, died soon after his arrival at Batavia.

Twenty Seven Dutch Indianmen were lying in Batavia Roads—but could not be manned. One Hundred and Five men alone were reported fit for Service.

It was said, that the several Captains of the above Ships had orders to run them on shore on the appearance of an Enemy.

The Dutch had at Sea, Five Two-Deckers and One Brig—which convoyed the Neptune through the Straights.

The above Ships had been cruising in the Straights of Sunda, since the beginning of October.

CAPT. FITTMAN who commands the Neptune, in passing through the Straights, saw a large Ship with two Snows in Company; but could not distinguish her Colours.

The *Shah Armusier*, from Botany Bay, had arrived at Batavia; some time previous to the Despatch of the Neptune—And gave a very flattering Account of the situation of the New Colony.

A Captain in the Army, on the Bombay establishment, Passenger on the *Shah Armusier*, who with several others had landed in a Boat, on one of the Islands, near the Main, for procuring Refreshment, was unfortunately cut off by the Natives; together with those who had accompanied him. The particulars of this unhappy affair, are represented in circumstance too tragical and shocking to detail.

The Honorable Company's Ships BARWELL and LONDON, were to be Despatched from Bombay, for England on the 15th Instant.

PRIZE MONEY.

The Share of Prize Money to the Honorable Company's Troops, serving above the Ghauts, during the late war, will be issued to the Prize Agents on the 15th of February, and be distributed among the Troops immediately after its being issued.—The amount is rated to be Pagodas 404,298—40—58.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

Mr. Lockhart, Assistant Surgeon, to do duty with the 29th battalion, N. I. and to join immediately.

Mr. Henry Wife to be admitted an Assistant Surgeon, to rank next above Mr. Joseph Street, and to do duty with the 4th battalion, E. I vice Lockhart.

KING'S TROOPS.

Head Quarters, Calcutta 1st January, 1794.

Sir Robert Abercromby has been pleased to make the following appointments, until his Majesty's pleasure shall be known.

73d REG.

Lieutenant Arth. Gore, from the 74th regiment, to be Lieutenant, vice Blair, who exchanges—28th November, 1793.

74th REG.

Lieut. Alexander Blair, from the 73d regiment, to be Lieutenant, vice Gore, who exchanges—2th do. do.

James Douglas, Gentlemen, to be Ensign, vice Hamilton, promoted in the 71st regiment—18th October.

Perdergast, Gentleman, to be Ensign, by purchase, vice Peacock, who retires—3d December.

36th REG.

John Mitchell, Gentlemen, to be Ensign, vice Grieve, promoted—10th Sept.

A CARD.

GENTLEMEN who have Horses to run, are informed, that for the UNTRAINED, LADIES, or HUNTERS PLATE, the Horses must be shewn at the Stand, and registered by Mr. Simpson, the Clerk of the Course, between the hours of seven and ten in the morning, or four and six in the evening of Sunday next, paying five Pagodas each, or double entrance at the Post—and that timely notice must be given to the Clerk of the Course, of all private matches, that he may fix their time of running.

The Committee request, that Gentlemen will pay the amount of their subscriptions to the Poon, and note the date opposite their names.

RACE STAND, Jan. 22d, 1794.

Among the Societies which have been instituted for the benefit and encouragement of Trade, there are none more laudable than Insurance Companies:—

It is with pleasure we understand, that, in addition to the respectable institutions of this nature already established in this Settlement, a new one is in great forwardness, on a very extensive and liberal Scale.

Captain Black, of the Codabux, arrived at Bengal on the 6th Instant from Pegue, which place he left the 11th ult. mentions the arrival there of the Yarmouth, London, and Two Brothers, none of which Ships had seen an Enemy. The Snow Active, Captain Cummings, is also arrived from the Car Nicobars, which she was obliged to quit with half a cargo, as a small Privateer had just arrived, and anchored opposite to her.

A vessel is fitting out at Calcutta, on an expedition, to the Islands of St. Paul and Amsterdam, and from thence to China.

OPPIUM, had risen in price before the Bengal ships left China, to 450 Dollars the Chest: Common on the contrary, had fallen, so low, as to be unsaleable.

The Druid, Captain Coplakes has sailed from Bengal, for the Andamans, having on board eighty Convicts—Grain, and Live Stock for that Settlement.

The Anna, from China, Heirefs from Madras, Resource from Negapatam, and Amelia, from Penang, are arrived at Bengal.

The Auguliborg, Johanna Maria, and Dilco, Danish Indianmen, have sailed from Bengal, for Europe.

His Majesty's Ship MINERVA came out of Bombay Dock on the 1st Instant: it is supposed, by the unceasing exertions of the Admiral, that she will be fit for Sea in the course of a few days.

The BOMBAY Frigate, mounting 32 guns, it is said, will also be completely fitted in a few days, and proceed to Sea with the Minerva.

The Agreeable Surprise, and High Life below Stairs, were announced for Performance on the Calcutta Board, on the 14th Instant—Covvily by a Lady; "being her first appearance, &c. &c.

AN ADJUTANT, is to be added to the effective Staff, allowed to each of the Regiments of Cavalry on the Bengal Establishment.

RICE.—We learn from Surat, that Rice is daily falling in price—and from Bombay, that the market is overstocked with that article and with Grain of every kind.

SACRED MUSIC.

On Monday morning was performed at St. MARY'S CHURCH, for the BENEFIT of the MALE ASYLUM, a Selection from the Sacred Music of Handel.

The PERFORMERS, Vocal and Instrumental, exceeded, fifty.

Amongst the first—were:

LADIES—Lady Oakeley, Patroness of the Charity, Mrs. Porcher, Mrs. Gent, Mrs. Baker, Mrs. Bosc, Mrs. Smith, and Miss Johnston.

GENTLEMEN—Mr. Lewin, Mr. Linley, Mr. Baker, Mr. Lushington, Mr. Bosc, Mr. Oram, Mr. Paisley, Mr. Chalmer, Mr. Hurdis, and Mr. Franks.

The Principal Instrumental Performers were—Mr. Topping, Mr. Hadyn, Mr. Sherriman, Captain Beaton, Mr. Caldwell, Mr. Hetke, Mr. Millingchamp, and Mr. Dierstedt.

At twelve o'clock, precisely, the Performance commenced with the—

OVERTURE to the MESSIAH: The various Movements of which were executed with a felicity rarely equalled.

The Recitative—"Comfort ye my People"—and the succeeding Air of—"Every valley shall be exalted"—were sung by LADY OAKELEY, with judgement, chauc, and, expression exquisite.

The full Chorus—"And the Glory of the Lord shall be revealed"—and, in a word, the whole of the Chorus's were executed, faithful to time, and tune.

If any deserved a separate mention, when they were all so generally distinguished, we should select the Grand Chorus—"Mourn ye afflicted Children" than which nothing more sublime, or musically affecting, could be imagined: It had with all the Dignity and Grandeur of a Chorus, the simple, touching, and unmixed merit, of a Pathetic Air.

MR. LEWIN, sung the Recitative "Behold a Virgin shall conceive" and the Air—"O thou that tellest good Tidings," with much taste, and peculiar Melody.

In Part the 2d—the Recitative "Well may your sorrows, Brethren flow"—and the Duet "From this dread scene"—by MR. LEWIN, and MR. LINLEY were inimitably given—the Duet particularly.

"Not vain is all this storm of Grief" Recitative—and again the Recitative accompanied, "I feel, I feel the Deity within" were delivered by MR. BAKER with expressive strength, and clearness, and his Air, "Arm, Arm ye Brave" animated, and grand.

"Pious Orgies! Pious Arts!" conveyed, by Mrs. SMITH's well-modulated execution; all that interest, and softness, and delicacy, that Handel could have wished by this, one of his sweetest strains, to have inspired. The accompaniment, on the Organ, was beyond all commendation, masterly: the Organ, and the voice, were so happily affiant, the one to the other, and so blended, that the ear was at a loss, at times, whether it had to admire the tones of nature, or of art.

The Trio—"Disdainful of Danger, we'll rush on the foe," by Mr. Baker, Mr. Lushington, and Mr. Linley, was spirited, and sublime.

After the Overture in Esther, with which the third Part opened, LADY OAKELEY sung the very favorite Air—"Prophetic Visions strike my Eye"—which if it had not been acknowledged hitherto a favorite, must have become so, from the manner in which her Ladyship executed it.—We know not of its having been equalled, we are assured it could not have been surpassed.

The Recitative—"There were shepherds, abiding in the field" was given with appropriate simplicity by Mr. Lewin.

MR. LINLEY, in the Recitative, and Air, from Jeptha—"Farwell ye limpid springs and floods" exhibited great neatness in execution, and knowledge of effect.

The whole concluded with the Coronation Anthem.

It would be injustice to close the account of the Performance without noticing the great regularity, and attention which was every where observable in arrangement, for the convenience and gratification of the auditors; for which the Conductors of it are particularly entitled to the thanks of those, who were fortunate enough to partake in this well adopted Entertainment.

Besides the gratification of a numerous auditory, we are happy, in having it in our power to add, that the best of ends were very materially served, by the zeal and attention of those, who were ready in the promotion of this species of amusement, hitherto unknown in Eastern climes.—We hear, that the MALE ASYLUM will be benefited by a subscription, thence obtained, of nearly two thousand Pagodas.

INTELLIGENCE FROM CHINA.

On Monday, the 30th of December, arrived at Calcutta, the Ships *Anna* and *Amelia* from China.

The above Ships sailed from *Macao* on the 6th. of November—and touched at *Prince of Wales's Island*.

To the intelligence received by the *Carven*, and communicated through the *Courier* of the 10th Instant, we have to add,

That the *Cancon* which sailed in company with the *Anna*, *Amelia*, *Travancore*, *Sarah*, *Ichangere*, *Hero*, *Benfit*, and *Abercromby*, was run on shore at *Prince of Wales's Island*, she being in so bad a state, that it was with difficulty, that she had been prevented from sinking on her passage thither.

The *Anna*, and *Amelia* had seen no vessels of any kind during their passage—They touched at *Malacca*, where they were told, that the *Dumourier* had been seen standing off that Port, three days previous to their arrival.

That the *Nerbuddah*, a large Ship belonging to *Bombay*, which left *China* in October, and was to touch at *Malacca* on her passage through the *Streights*; from her not having touched there, it was feared that she had been captured or sunk.

It was stated at *Malacca*, that the *Nerbuddah* had lost her foremast in a gale of wind, which had obliged her to put in to *Pula Oar*, where she was said to have been captured by a Privateer. This was the *Malay Report*.

The following is a List of Ships that were at *China* in November.

COMPANY'S SHIPS.

DATES OF ARRIVAL.

July 22d, <i>Bellona</i> ,	Sept. 12th, <i>Bom. Cast.</i>
Sept. 12th, <i>Minerva</i> ,	Do <i>Brunswick</i> .
Sept. 12th, <i>Chesterfield</i> ,	

COUNTRY SHIPS.

July 22d, <i>Surat Castle</i> ,	S. pt. 12th, <i>Danone</i> ,
Sept. 12th, <i>Horaby</i> ,	Oct. 16th, <i>Penang Call</i> .
Phoenix	10th, <i>Sydney Meadows</i> .

AMERICAN.

Sept 18th, <i>Sampon</i> ,	Oct. 16th, <i>America</i> ,
Oct. 12th, <i>Big Friends</i> ,	Nov. 3d, <i>Washington</i> ,

GENOISE SHIP, *Achilles*.

SWEEDISH SHIP, *Sophia Magdalena*.

THE MARKET not brisk—European Articles being little in demand. Cotton, from *ten to eleven TALS*;—*Patna Opium*, at 42 Dollars per Chest; that of *Benares*, at 60c Dollars.

The Company's Treasury at *Canton* had not been opened, as usual in former years, for the receipt of Money, in Exchange for Bills on either of the *Indian Presidencies*, or Court of Directors. This is accounted for, by the non-arrival of the expected *Indiamen*.

Early in November, a French ship from the North West Coast of *America*, under Portuguese colours, ran into the river of *Tzpa*: the *Lyon* being then in *Macao* roads, the French man requested the Portuguese Governor's protection, which was readily granted; but he had no sooner entered the harbour, than a party of soldiers from the fort, took possession of his ship.

The French Captain immediately dispatched a Chop to the Hoppo of *Canton*, offering to go to *Wampoa*, and pay the customary duties, &c. if he would require of the Portuguese Governor to deliver up his vessel.—This the Hoppo thought proper to comply with, the result was not known.

It was however generally believed, that the Frenchman would ultimately succeed.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The Danish ship *Kron Princeffe Maria*, sailed from *Bengal* for *Europe*, on the 4th Inst. she touches at *Madras*.

PASSENGERS FROM BENGAL.

Lieut. Owen, Infantry	Cape
Lieut. Baillie, Cavalry	
AND	
Mrs. G. Gardner	for Europe.

COMMODORE MITCHELL'S SQUADRON.

By the Ship *Abercromby*, arrived at *Bengal*, on the 5th Instant, we have intelligence of the SQUADRON under the Command of *Commodore Mitchell*, having been spoke with, off *Yank Ceylon*.

It is added, that they were then in chase of two large vessels, supposed to be the *Dumourier* and *Egalite*—should the supposition be happily verified, no doubt can remain of a good account being given of them by the *Commodore*.

Commodore Mitchell is Brother to Captain *Andrew Mitchell* of His Majesty's Navy; whose gallantry and good conduct when in the Command of the *Coventry* of 28 guns, he engaged the French Frigate, *La Fine* of 40, is well and honorably remembered in this Country.

The Comedy of the *Clandestine Marriage*, is reported to be in rehearsal, prior to its appearance on the *Calcutta Theatre*.

The officers of His Majesty's 76th reg. at *Calcutta*, gave an elegant Entertainment to their late Captain and Commandant, now Major *Shaw*, on the 5th Instant previous to his leaving that Corps to join his Regiment on the Coast.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE MADRAS COURIER.

SIR,

If you entertain the same opinion of the merit of the accompanying little Poem as I do, I shall not be disappointed in my expectations of seeing it occupy a corner of your entertaining paper.

I am Sir,

Your Humble Servant,

A GREAT ADMIRER OF THE LADIES.

THE HUE AND CRY.

O, YEZ, my good people draw near,
My story surpasses belief,
Yet deign for a moment to hear,
And assist me to catch a stray thief.

Have you chanc'd a fair damsel to meet,
Adorn'd like an angel of light,
In a robe that flow'd down to her feet,
No frown on the mountain so white.

Silver flowers bespangl'd her shoe,
Amber locks on her shoulders were spread,
Her waist had a girdle of blue,
And a beaver-plum'd hat had her head.

Her steps an impression scarce leave,
She bounds o'er the meadow so soon;
Her smile is like Autumn's clear eve,
And her look as serene as the morn.

She seems to have nothing to blame,
Decideless and meek as the Dove;
And there lives not a thief of such fame,
She has pilfer'd below and above.

Her cheek has the blushes of day,
Her neck has undone the swan's wing,
Her breath has the odours of May,
And her eye has the dews of the Spring.

She has rob'd of it's crimson the Rose,
She has dar'd the Carnation to strip,
The Bee who has plunder'd them knows
And would fain fill his hive at her lip.

She has stolen for her forehead so even
All beauty by Sea and by land,
She has all the fine azure of Heaven
In the vious of her temple and hand.

Yes, yes, she has ranfack'd above,
She has beggar'd both Nature and Art,
She has got all we honor and love,
And from me she has pilfer'd my heart.

Bring her home, honest friends, bring her home,
And let her down safe at my door,
Let her once my companion become,
And I swear she shall wander no more.

Bring her home, and I'll give a reward
Whose value can never be told,
More precious than all you regard,
More in worth than a house-full of gold.

A reward such as none but a dance,
Such as none but a madman would miss,
O yes, I will give you for once
From the charmer you bring me a kiss.

ISLES OF FRANCE AND BOURBON.

Monsieur St. Felix whom we mentioned in our last, as having been removed from the command of the fleet at the *Mauritius*, retired as we have since been informed of his own free will, for reasons best known to himself, and has taken up his residence in the Island of *Bourbon*, where the national colours are flying, and the cockade is worn in the same manner as in the other Islands.

The respectable part of the inhabitants lament the unhappy fate of the late unfortunate *Louis XVI.* and deplore the sufferings of their countrymen. They reprobate the present system of Government, if anarchy and confusion will bear that appellation, and depreciate those wretches that have been the occasion of so much distress, and so much bloodshed in the mother country.—They are strong advocates for mild measures, and are the Republicates of that Constitution, which received the sanction of the late King.

The mob at the Islands, as in every other country, are deaf to all reason, and to prudence, and are governed only by circumstances and occasion. Without any fixed object they determine upon one thing one day, and upon another the next—they have no kind of order or regularity, and unfortunately they have too much the superiority for the peaceable Citizens to expect or hope for tranquillity, or indeed for a perfect security, either in their persons or property.

Hitherto their outrages have not been attended with any very dreadful consequences, that is, since the commencement of hostilities between Great Britain and France; but they are still to be dreaded, whilst they have the power to interfere in the rules and regulations of the Islands.

It is well known, that the Islands are laid out in plantations of Cotton, Coffee, and Indigo, which obliges the inhabitants to import their grain, a circumstance that has brought so much misery upon the lower class of people, that they are in a half starving condition. They have now begun to cultivate wheat, but it will be a long time before they can expect to derive any benefit from the measure.

They are, notwithstanding their situation lively and gay, and enjoy their usual amusements of balls and entertainments, and are building a very magnificent theatre.

Their attention to the sufferers on board the *Winterton*, claims the tribute of grateful acknowledgement, and shews, that philanthropy and benevolence of heart, are still possessed by enlightened Frenchmen, and that their hospitable door is open to receive the unfortunate, whilst they assiduously endeavour to relieve their distresses, and wipe away the tear of affliction.

The air of the Island, is said, to be very salubrious, and the best calculated to restore health to the invalid—and the inhabitants are surprised, on this account, they have not frequent visitors from India.—In times of peace and happiness, the Islands abound with every luxury, and society smiles amidst her cheerful votaries—all is gaiety, all is harmony—and may these charms of life be soon restored to those who so much deserve them.

The situation of the *Princess Royal*, captured by the French, and who are totally unacquainted with the fact, will render her very dangerous to her present possessors, and it is very probable, that she may prove their grave.

We are sorry to learn, that some of the crew of the *Princess Royal* have been obliged to go on board the French privateers, as the poverty of the Island in the article of provisions was so great, that they could not procure a sufficiency of the common necessaries of life—in every other respect, they were very comfortable.

Political matters at the *Ile of France*, took their Decision for a long period back, as in Paris, from a CLUB, called the *Sans Culottes*. The Club at first, was in such repute, being constituted of the Principle Personages of the Island, that its Remonstrances were felt and acknowledged, by the Assembly Colonial itself—and operated on their Decrees. Of late the *Sans Culottes* had grown out of Fashion—and its Remonstrances and Recommendations, of course, became disregarded.

So acknowledged indeed, had been the Controll of the Club, that the Assembly found it necessary to Decree, that no Communication from the Club should be received, thereafter at their Sitings.

To the Credit of the *Sans Culottes* it should be said—that on the Arrival of the Crew from the unfortunate *Winterton*, they offered as a Body, their active Services to alleviate the Condition of the unhappy sufferers.

"Charity covers a Multitude of Sins"

ACCOUNT OF LORD MACARTNEY'S EMBASSY TO CHINA, FROM THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE.

"We have at length received accounts from his Excellency the Ambassador, of his honorable reception at *Tienjing*, and his being under a splendid escort on his way to *Pekin*.

No less than sixteen royal yatch's were employed in the conveyance of his Excellency and suite, and as many junks, for the transport of the presents and baggage.

The *Pekin Gazette* has since given an account of his reception at Court, and his grand audience; of the Emperor's great condescension, and the pleasure he expressed at the magnificence and ingenuity of the presents he had in charge.

Of the success of his negotiations nothing is as yet certain; though many reports are in circulation, favourable or otherwise, as the jealousies of the Mandarins or wishes of the merchants, preponderate. This, however, is known, that he has obtained permission to come to *Canton* by land; so that the Squadron which was sent to *Chusan* for its harbour, has returned by orders to *Macao*, to wait his Excellency's arrival.

There are many opinions on the above subject, some are for bringing him here directly, others, in a month; but, if we are to judge from the term of former Embassies to *Pekin*, we have no right to look for him before the end of the year.

In the mean time, the Viceroy is preparing a house here in great style for his accommodation; as the Emperor has ordered the same honors to be paid him, as to himself.

Though we are not among the sanguine party, who look upon islands and territories to be as attainable in *China* as in *New Holland*, there is no doubt but the most solid advantages will be acquired by the present Embassy.

A tariff to be settled for our future commerce, even on the footing it was on our first arrival in *China*, a few indulgences, to contribute to the accommodation and health of residents, and a channel to be secured, for future remonstrances, against the abuses of the Mandarins, would in a few years, repay tenfold the expences of the Embassy, and secure the increasing benefits of the trade to *China*. These must be conceded to be no very important concession on the part of the Emperor, and will probably be granted."

GENERAL MACZIEWSKI.

This General, who was condemned to death on the 17th Instant, by the Revolutionary Tribunal, on the charge of having, in concert with *Dumourier*, attempted to deliver *Lille* into the hands of the Allied Armies, and who was afterwards reprieved, is by birth a Pole, and made no inconsiderable figure in the late Polish Confederation. It was at that epoch that he became acquainted with *Dumourier*, who was charged on the part of the French Government with a Mission to *Warlaw*.

When Polish Liberty fell beneath the plans of aggrandizement of the *Imperial Catholicism*, the General retired into France, with a view of obtaining from the Court of *Versailles*, an indemnity for the extraordinary expences he had incurred in his Native Country, on the account of the French. His claims, constantly presented, were as constantly badly received by each successive change of Ministry.

At length came the French Revolution of 1789—an event which was soon followed by a Declaration of War; and *Dumourier* engaged *Servan*, to employ this man, who was raised to the rank of *Maréchal de Camp*, in which quality he made the last Campaigns.

When *Maczieski's* sentence was pronounced, he heard it without any emotion, and made the following address:

"Citizens-Judges, and Citizens-Jerors, I have already spilt my blood for the Republic. You have just condemned me to death—I shall die innocent. I shall attend the Scaffold with the *fang-froid* I have hitherto preferred. If my head can suffice for the consolidation of the Sovereignty and sacred Rights of the People, I shall bestow it with all my heart."

The American Ship *Henry*, Captain *Crow* finished, sailed for *Bengal* on Monday morning, having on board the Ladies, and other passengers of the *Winterton*.

We much fear they will experience a tedious passage, as the *Henry* was in sight, and scarcely abreast of the North Roads on Wednesday noon.

PAPER.

The business of negotiating the Honorable Company's paper at *Bengal* has been transferred from the Deputy Accountant General, to the Sub-Treasurer by order of Government.

BENGAL REVIEW.

Sir R. Abercromby reviewed the third Battalion of European Infantry, on the 4th Inst. attended by Col. Murray, Major W. Scott and the Officers of his Staff; and expressed his full approbation of their Manœuvres and appearance.

By accounts received at *Calcutta* from Captain *Jackon*, of the *Rose*, who was on the West Coast of *Sumatra*, in the beginning of December; it is confidently reported, that the *Coat* was free from Privateers at that period; and it is added, that he neither saw or heard of any in the whole of his Passage, from the Eastward to *Calcutta*.

By Letters from *Hydrabad*, we are informed of the safe arrival of Capt. *Euzpatrick*, at the Court of His Highness the *Nizam*, from *Bengal*.

The Success, Captain *Smith* failed from *Bombay* for *Bengal*, on the 9th Instant.

PASSENGERS.

STEP. CASSAN ESQ. and LADY.

TABLE.

IN THE REIGN OF QUEEN ELIZABETH.

"In the days of Elizabeth, every thing was tinged with ancient history, and mythology almost every Pageant presented to the Queen, might be regarded as a pantheon—on entering a nobleman's hall, she was saluted by the *Penates*, and conducted to her chamber by *Mercury*—the very Paltry Cooks were expert mythologists—at dinner, *Ovid's Metamorphoses*, was exhibited in Confectionary—and the splendid Icing of an historic plum-cake, was embossed with a delicious *happ-relievo* of the destruction of *Troy*—Lakes were covered with *Fritons* and *Nereids*—Pages were converted into *Wood-nymphs*—and *Foemen* gambled over the lawn in the figure of *Satyrs*. How different are the Ton—Entertainments of the present day!!!

A Report has been current, for the last two days, founded generally, on a Paragraph in a CALCUTTA EXTRAORDINARY Paper, of the 7th instant, "that a Frigate had been seen off the SAND HEADS"—it is fair to add, that we think, little credit ought to be given to the Report; as we have Papers from *Calcutta*, of the 8th and 9th instant, which say not a word on this head, in confirmation of what had appeared in the Paper, first alluded to.

MARRIED.

At *Bombay*, Colonel James Kerr, Auditor General, to Miss Dick.

DEATH.

At *Bengal*, J. P. Johnstone, Esq. of the Civil Service; Son of the late *Commodore Johnstone*.

FROM SIR B. BOOTHBY'S PAMPHLET.

"Utrum horum major, act' pe."

SYSTEM OF WHIG-
GISM ACCORDING
TO BURKE.

1. That the king holds his Crown wholly independent, and in contempt to the nation.

2. That the aristocratic and democratic parts of the constitution originate with, and derive all their legal power from, the king.

3. That the people of England have, in no case whatever, any more right to alter or interrupt the hereditary succession once established, than they have wholly to abolish their monarchy, and every other part of their constitution.

4. That consequently the revolution was a deviation from the constitution to be justified only by mere positive necessity.

5. That the settlement on King William was a matter of necessity, not of choice.

6. That the deposition of King James was an act of war, and wholly out of law.

7. That the revolution is no rule of law.

8. That the constitution of France was substantially a good one.

9. That it might be slightly thought that the expediency of a great empire requires that a king should be invested with powers very much superior to those which a king of England possesses under the letter of our constitution.

10. That in such an empire the king ought, in common sense, to possess every degree of power which does not suppose the total absence of all control or responsibility on the part of ministers.

SYSTEM OF WHIG-
GISM ACCORDING
TO BOOTHBY.

1. That the king holds his crown by an express original contract with the people, by which the supreme power is, by mutual consent, lodged in more hands than one.

2. That the aristocratic and democratic branches, as established in the constitution, are co-equal in power and right with the monarchical branch, of which the rights and powers are equally independent of the constitution of England being founded upon compact, the subjects of this kingdom have, in their several public and private capacities, as legal a title to what their rights by law, as a prince to the possession of his crown.

3. That whenever the king asserts the common measure between the power of the crown and the obedience of the subject, all allegiance ceases: whether he endeavours to subvert the constitution, or violate the fundamental laws, the contract is thereby broken, and the people have not only a right and power to assert their hereditary freedom, but they are bound to transmit it unimpaired to their posterity; and, under these circumstances, the nation has a clear and indisputable right to interrupt or alter the hereditary succession, as far as necessary for this purpose.

4. That consequently the revolution proceeded upon principles perfectly legal and constitutional.

5. That the deposition of King James was an exercise of power in the nation clearly deducible from the nature of our constitution, and afterwards recognized and promulgated in the Declaration of Rights and Act of Settlement.

6. That in settling the crown upon King William, the nation did no more than exercise an undoubted right always virtually existing in the constitution, declared by positive law.

7. That the revolution in 1688 is a great leading constitutional case, making part of the law of the land.

8. That every Englishman who is attached to the constitution of his country, must consider with abhorrence such a form of government as the late military monarchy of France.

9. That to assert the exigencies of a great empire, may require that a king should be invested with powers very much superior to those which the king possesses under the letter of our constitution.

10. That the monarch of such an empire ought, in common sense, to possess a degree of power which is not far short of the absence of all control or responsibility, are most dangerous and detestable doctrines.

AN OLD WHIG.

ANECDOTE.

When the Queen Charlotte, of 110 guns, was on the launch at Chatham, March 1790, she was admitted to be a very fine ship—Her head was much admired, being executed in a most masterly manner, and set in colours.

Among the many spectators that were going at the ship, stood a countryman—"What's that for?" (says he, pointing to the figure that represented the Queen) A by flander replied, "tis for the King's Wife, my friend."—"I'll be dam'd then," said the countryman, "for 'tis more like his Concubine."

This speech drew the attention of many, who were desirous of an explanation.

"Why, do ye see," says the countryman, "there is nary ring on her finger, so a canna be for the King's Wife."—This omission had escaped the minute inspection of the ablest Artists; and was thus first discovered by a Clown.

CALCUTTA RACES.

The Calcutta races began on the 6th Inst. but they have not been so productive of sport as was expected. The Plate was won by Mr. Sione's Bay mare, Cecile.

The Hunter's Plate was run for the next day, and won, in one heat, by Sir Charles Blunt's Grey Horse, Bullock, who distanced three of the four horses that started against him.

After the race each morning, most of the company retired to breakfast in tents erected in an extensive enclosure, at a short distance from the race ground, where the excellent arrangements adopted by the Stewards, were calculated in the best possible manner to afford the visitors the comfortable enjoyment of an elegant and plentiful repast, for which the freshness of the morning and previous exercise had abundantly prepared them. A number of tents of disposed as to form one spacious apartment, contained the breakfast tables, which presented to a company of two hundred and fifty or more, a profusion of every thing suited to satisfy the keenest appetite or gratify the most delicate palate.

After breakfast the company adjourned to an adjoining tent of capacious dimensions, handsomely fitted up, and boarded for the purpose of dancing. Here the dances commenced in two sets, and were kept up with the utmost gaiety and spirit till two in the afternoon, when most of our fair countrywomen retired with additional loveliness and health, from the air and exercise of the morning.

Several gentlemen not engaged in the dance amused themselves in the mean while with a match at Cricket, near the enclosure.

ANECDOES.

OF MR. PELHAM AND LORD HOLLAND.

MR. PELHAM.

DURING the Debates on the famous Jew Bill (which was repealed the Session after it was passed) Mr. Pelham finding Sir George (afterwards Lord Lyttelton,) mostly from the pleasing manner of his delivery, and the popularity of the question, had made an impression on the House, in the course of his reply told the following story:

"I remember (says he) travelling some years ago in Somersetshire with two ladies who were sisters, and near relations of my own; and though we were in an easy carriage, the roads remarkably good, far from being crowded, and with the advantage of fine weather, one of the ladies was in a continual terror for fear of meeting with an accident, crying out at every little jolt or turn of the road—"Oh! dear Sir, we shall be over!—We shall certainly be killed!—Bless me, I with I had never ventured on this dangerous journey!" Pitying the poor Lady's nerves, and thinking I really frightened, I began to expostulate with her on the unreasonableness of her fears, shewing her the perfect safety we were in from the soundness of my carriage, the skill of the coachman, the level of the roads, the time of year, &c. &c. when her sister, who was a good sensible unaffected woman, suddenly stopped me short with the following explanation:—"My dear Sir, make yourself perfectly easy on this subject; my sister is under no more real apprehensions than you or I are; but as she fancies herself possessed of an agreeable voice, she takes every opportunity in her power of letting every body hear its various modulations."

LORD HOLLAND.

When he was Secretary of State, a Gentleman very intimate with him recommended a friend to him in order to reform the customs, &c. of whom he spoke in the highest terms for his probity, his disinterestedness, and ability. Lord H—listened to him for some time, and then drily answered him, "He had no time for experiments." The other still pressing his suit, he replied, "Why, to speak out to you upon the subject, the character you have given of your friend won't do for me; I must have a man who will work under me as an engine to do just what is pointed out for him; but these very upright and intelligent characters are generally very impracticable fellows, and I'll have nothing to say to them."

Lord Holland was once asked, whether it was true that he designed Wilkes for the Government of Quebec. "Why, yes," says his Lordship, "I once had that thought; for my way is, to get rid of a fellow with parts who becomes troublesome, but Lord Bute was too much of a gentleman to indulge private resentment against public convenience."

ADVERTISEMENT.

AS Several Persons indebted to the Estate of the late Mr. John Hall, for Goods purchased from the Shop, kept under the Management of Mr. Frank, have refused payment of their respective Bills, when presented to them, and as the Administratrix and Administrators feel it a duty incumbent on them to use every exertion for the recovery of the outstanding balances: Notice is therefore given, that if any Bill upon being again presented should be refused payment, that it will immediately be put into the hands of an Attorney at Law, with instructions to take legal measures for the recovery thereof.

ADVERTISEMENT.

NOTICE is hereby Given, that an Application was this Day made before the King's Ordinary, in the Honorable the Mayor's Court of Madraspatnam, for Letters of Administration to the Estate and Effects of Appoo Chitty, commonly called Meigal Appoo Chitty, Deceased, to be Granted to Valliammah, Widow and Relict to the said Deceased.

J. S. HALL, PROCTOR.

Fort St. George: 21st Jan. 1794.

ADVERTISEMENT.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an Application was this Day made before the King's Ordinary, in the Honorable the Mayor's Court, for Letters of Administration to the Estate and Effects of Robert Brydon Assistant Surgeon Deceased, to be Granted to Lieut. John Darley, Principal Creditor to the said Deceased.

J. S. HALL, PROCTOR.

Fort St. George: Jan. 21st 1794.

ADVERTISEMENT.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Application was this Day made before the King's Ordinary, in the Honorable the Mayor's Court of Madraspatnam, for Letters of Administration to the Estate and Effects of Lieut. Lilly Warlen Deceased, to be granted to Lieut. Alexander Warlen, and Capt. Thomas Leighton, as Executor of Capt. John Everett, Deceased, to the former as Brother, and the latter as Creditor of the said Deceased.

POPHAM & WILLIAMS, PROCTORS.

Fort St. George: 21st Jan. 1794.

ADVERTISEMENT.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Application was this Day made before the King's Ordinary, in the Honorable the Mayor's Court of Madraspatnam, for Letters of Administration to the Estate and Effects of Lieut. Robert Ewer Jones, late Lieut. in His Majesty's 35th Regt. of Infantry, Deceased, to be granted to Major William Gilbert Child of His Majesty's 10th Regt. of Light Dragoons, as a Creditor of the said Deceased.

POPHAM & WILLIAMS, PROCTORS.

Fort St. George: 21st Jan. 1794.

ADVERTISEMENT.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an Application was this Day made before the King's Ordinary, in the Hon. the Mayor's Court, for Letters of Administration to the Estate and Effects of Lieut. Cahorne of His Majesty's 71st Regt. Deceased to be granted to John Card, as Creditor to the said Deceased.

G. P. COOK, PROCTOR.

Fort St. George: 21st Jan. 1794.

ADVERTISEMENT.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an Application was this day made before the King's Ordinary, in the Honorable the Mayor's Court at Madraspatnam, for Letters of Administration, to be granted to Peter Mally Calfin, of the Estate and Effects of Ensign Henry Spence as a Friend to the said Deceased.

J. WHITE, PROCTOR.

ADVERTISEMENT.

NOTICE is hereby given, that an application was this day made before the King's Ordinary in the Honorable the Mayor's Court at Madraspatnam for letters of Administration to be granted to Peter Mally Calfin, of the Estate and Effects of Ensign Beazley Baldwin as a Friend to the said Deceased.

J. WHITE, PROCTOR.

ADVERTISEMENT.

NOTICE is HEREBY GIVEN, that an Application was this Day made before the King's Ordinary, in the Honorable the Mayor's Court, for Letters of Administration to the Estate and Effects of John Kelly, John Webster, Thomas Donohough, Benjamin Clarke, John Bray, David Watts, James Carroll, Bar. Nowlan, and John Cottle, late Privates of His Majesty's 52d Regiment, deceased, to be granted to Lieutenant Tovers Fawcett, as Commanding Officer of the Company, to which the said several, and respective deceased Persons belonged.

G. RICKETTS, PROCTOR.

Fort St. George: 21st January, 1794.

ADVERTISEMENT.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Application was this day made before the King's Ordinary, in the Honorable the Mayor's Court at Madraspatnam, for Letters of Administration of the respective Goods and Chattles of William Charters, Edward Dowling, John Day, Henry Harrington, William Keatland, Thomas McManus, Donal McKinna, John Morgan, Mathew Mitchell, Stephen Shilton, Jos. Spowge, Richard Samfon, Richard Jerry, and Edward Head, late Privates in His Majesty's 5th Regt. and Company, and now respectively deceased, to be granted unto Henry Conran, Captain in the said Regt. as the Representative in India of the said several deceased Persons, pursuant to the 2d Article of the 19th Section of the articles of War.

J. WHITE, PROCTOR.

ADVERTISEMENT.

THE Bond Creditors of the late Mr. John Hall who have delivered in their Claims, are requested to bring their Bonds to the Office of the Administrators at Mr. Mitchell's House in the Fort between the 29th Instant and the 1st February, in Order to Compare them with the Register, that the Calculations for their respective proportion of Dividends may be made out.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BY R. AND J. HENDERSON
AT THEIR AUCTION ROOM.

Near the Wallajah Gate.

On SATURDAY, the 1st of February,

At 10 o'clock in the Forenoon
A COLLECTION of valuable Books, consisting of the following:

Encyclopedie, in forty-eight volumes, and ten volumes of Plates, in French,
Doddridge's Family Expositor,
Rollin's Ancient History, in ten volumes,
Goldsmith's Grecie and Rome—Dixon's Voyages,

English Review, for 1783, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, and 91.

Johnson's Works, in thirteen vols.

Review of the Constitution, by M. De La Croix.

Burke's Works, in three vols.

Elegant Epistles,

AND

A variety of other Books.
THE SAME DAY WILL BE SOLD,
A strong BAY HORSE, riding for green hands; he has been used generally to the Saddle, but may be put to the draught.
Fifty tubs of Sugar Candy

By R. and J. HENDERSON,

On Monday the 3d of February:

At 11 o'clock in the Forenoon,

The undermentioned Bengal Goods just imported.

ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY ONE Pieces of Dooreas, forty four Pieces of Nanfoks, flower Dooreas, open Mullins, Muslin Handkerchiefs, Sannas, Coffas, with a Variety of other piece Goods.

The Goods may be seen at the Auction Room two days previous to the Sale.

FOR PRIVATE SALE.

By R. and J. HENDERSON.

TWO Bandy Horses, to be seen at Mr. Story's Livery Stables, the one a light Dun young Pegue Horse, free from Vice, the other a small East country Horse, the price of the former 100 Pagodas, and the latter 50 Pagodas.

ADVERTISEMENT.

OLD Madeira in Pipes, to be had of R. Henderson at 120 Pagodas per Pipe, the Wine has been three Years in the Settlement.
Likewise Brandy in Casks.

BY SHARP AND HEEFKE.

THIS DAY the 24th INSTANT,
By Order of the Admi.istratrix and Administrators to the STATE of the LATE

MR. JOHN HALL, DECEASED,

The following Goods:

FRENCH CLARET,
Danzh Duno,
Red Port,
Rhenish Wine,
Vin de Grave,
Gin in Casks,
Champaigne,
Cvder,
Brandy Shrub,
Rum Ditto,
Table Shades,

Conditions of Sale are, that the highest bidder be the Purchaser, and, in Case of Dispute between two Bidders, the Lot to be put up again.

The Goods to be paid for on Delivery, and taken away within three Days from the Day of Sale, otherwise to be resold at the Risque of the first Purchaser.

To be sold by Public Auction.

BY SHARP and HEEFKE,
On MONDAY next, the 27th instant,
At their Rooms, in North Street,

A QUANTITY of fine Patna Table Linen, just brought round from Bengal—A pair of very elegant Lullies.

ALSO

A MEDICINE CHEST, with a complete set of Surgeon's Instruments, in the highest order.

A few cases of Savigny's Razors,
Dining Tables, Globe Lamps,
A Black-wood Cot and Chairs,
Batavia Arrack, in Leaguers,
Best French Brandy, in casks of sixty gallons each,
A few corgs of superfine Nankeen,

AND
A complete Harpsichord, by Longman and Broderip, of London.

PRICE CURRENT,

Madras: Jan. 24th 1794.

Pags. per Garces	Pags. per Maund.
Very Fine Rice - 80	Do. third do. - 11
Second do. - 70	per Cheff.
First Cargo do. - 70	Opium Patna - 130
Second do. do. - 60	Do. Bakar - 120
Soft Gram - 70	per Corgs.
First sort Doll - 70	Taffaties of Sorts - 80
Lucknow do. - 70	
Wheat - 70	
Pease - 70	
Cammin Seed - 70	
Do. second sort - 70	
Pinally Maund - 16	Benjamin first sort - 45
Ghee - 50	Do. second do. - 25
Do. second sort - 15	Tin - 55
Sugar first sort - 18	Billed Nuts - 12
Do. second do. - 14	Pepper first sort - 60
	Do second do. - 50

MALAY GOODS.

Pags. per Maund.	Pags. per Candy.
Benjamin first sort - 45	
Do. second do. - 25	
Tin - 55	
Billed Nuts - 12	
Pepper first sort - 60	
Do second do. - 50	

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